Mining Government Data-sets for Detecting Suspicious Behavior

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- 2 Health Records
- 3 Tax Evasion
- Money Laundry
- 5 Data Science Framework for Outlier Detection

Introduction

- This short presentation provides a few examples of successful mining of Government databases particularly relevant to developing countries.
- All examples are taken from Colombian databases.
- Confidentiality agreements will pose some limits to the discussion.

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Health Records

- Colombia has a mandatory competitive health insurance system.
- Payments are determined using information provided by HMOs.
- Potential problems: Risk of manipulation, misreport, errors, etc.
- Task: Design a system that helps the Ministry to detect all sorts of anomalous behavior.

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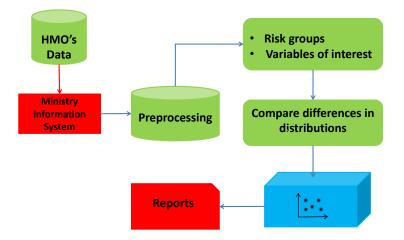
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Tax Evasion (work in progress)

• Problem: Detect likely cases of tax evasion.

- Methodology:
 - Use information reported by firms to construct a proxy of taxes for each person.
 - Using previous years and supervised learning models, construct the best predictor of actual paid taxes.
 - Estimate the distribution within homogeneous groups and detect anomalous patterns.

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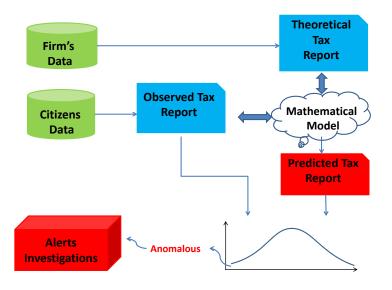
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- Methodology: Everything we know of unsupervised learning, scanning of data large sets, text mining, etc. is very welcome.
- Joint project with CESED (University of los Andes) funded by the US Embassy in Colombia.

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Data Science Framework

• How it works? You need:

- Data, storage capabilities and computational power.
- 2 Expert advice to inform research.
- 3 Data scientist to run machine and/or statistical learning algorithms.
- This framework complements traditional investigation techniques:
 - Generates alerts.
 - Informs on where and what to investigate.
 - 3 Allows for the automated and frequent revision of large datasets.

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